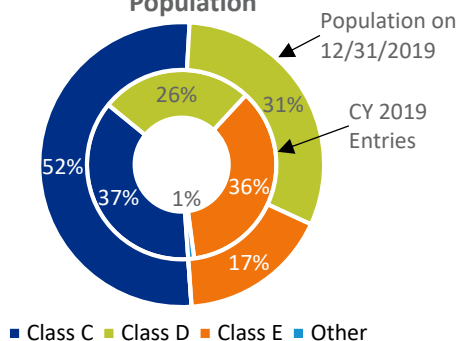


## CALENDAR YEAR 2019

### Sentencing Practices

- There were 130 felony habitual breaking and entering and 147 Advanced Supervised Release prison entries.
- There were 1,071 habitual felon prison entries, a decrease of 6% from the previous year.

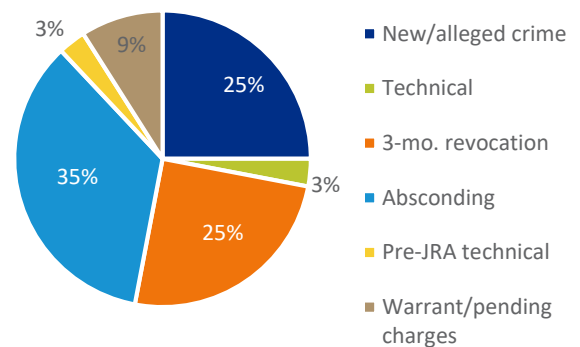
Habitual Felon Prison Entries and Population



### Incarceration and Reentry

- Most of those entering PRS (75%) were in Class F-I.
- PRS exit reasons are similar when comparing Class B1-E and Class F-I offenders by supervision level.
- 23% of offenders exiting PRS exited due to revocation.

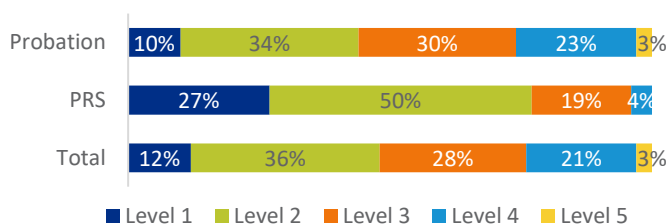
Felony Entries to Prison for PRS Violations



### Community Supervision

- Of the 93,511 offenders under community supervision on December 31, most were assessed as either moderate risk or moderate need (34% and 39% respectively).
- More post-release supervisees were supervised in Level 1 (most restrictive level) compared to probationers.

Assessed Community Corrections Population

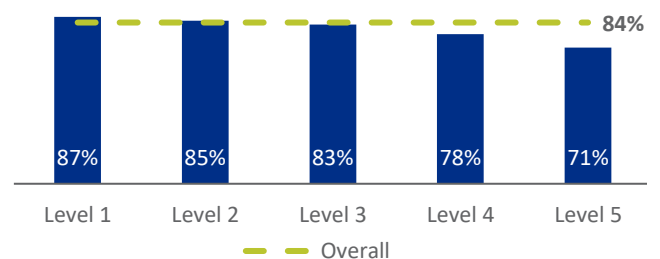


- 4,920 quick dips were ordered, down 18% from 2018.
- CRV dispositions decreased in the past year. The decrease was 27% for misdemeanants (a result of the elimination of CRV as an available sanction for misdemeanants in 2015); however, felony CRVs increased 4% during the same time.
- Of the 3,467 CRV dispositions, most (40%) were for offenders in Supervision Level 2.

### Outcomes (1-Year Follow-Up from CY 2018)

- Regardless of supervision level, a high rate of probationers had a subsequent violation following a quick dip.

Violations Following a Quick Dip Confinement



- Almost half (46%) of the 3,611 CRV dispositions in CY 2018 had a subsequent violation within one year.

Outcomes Following CRV Dispositions

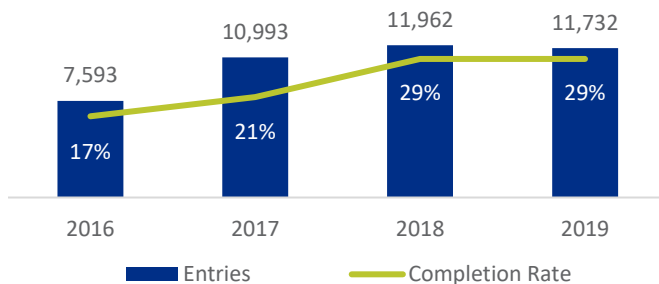
1-Year Outcome	Felons	Misd.	Total
On Supervision	49%	32%	45%
CRV & Terminate	24%	30%	25%
Terminal CRV	17%	32%	21%
Revocation	10%	6%	9%

# QUICK FACTS: JUSTICE REINVESTMENT

CALENDAR YEARS 2011-2019

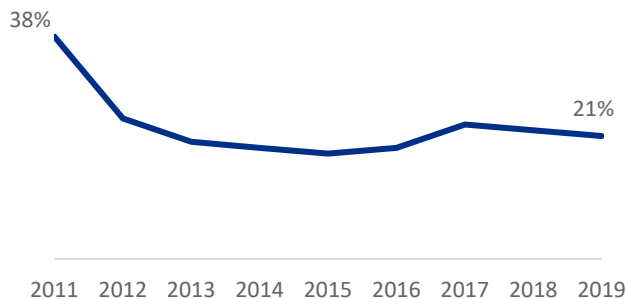
The number of offenders entering TECS programs has generally increased since 2016. While the completion rate is improving, over two-thirds of offenders do not complete TECS programs.

TECS Entries and Completion Rates



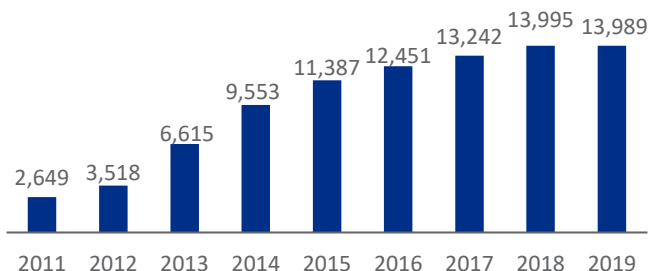
The overall probation revocation rate decreased substantially from 2011 to 2015. Since then, it has been relatively stable.

Probation Revocation Rates



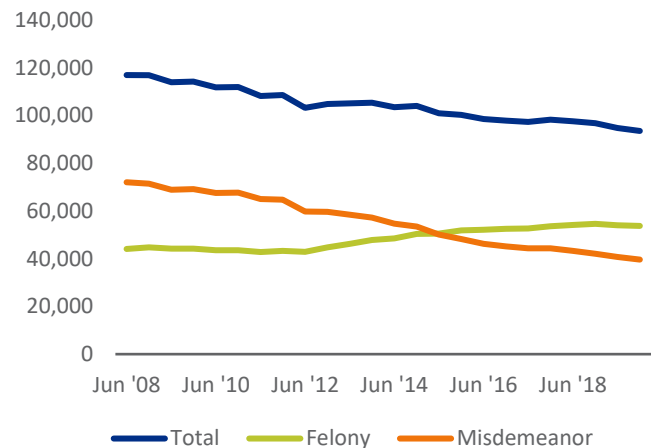
The PRS population has increased drastically since 2011 (due to the addition of PRS for F-I felons exiting prison). Recent numbers suggest it could be stabilizing.

PRS Population



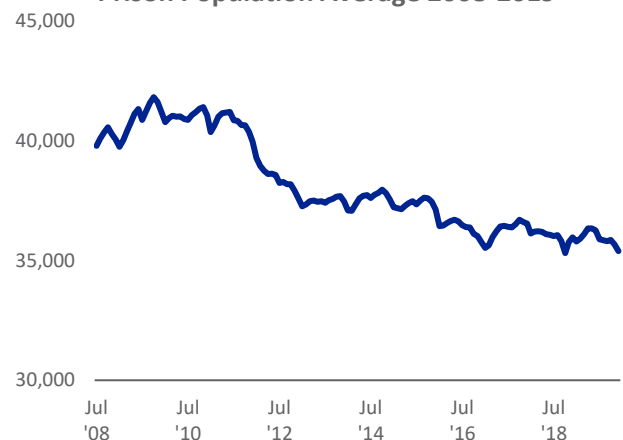
The overall community corrections population declined 14% from December 2011 to December 2019, due to declines in the misdemeanor population (39% over this period). The community corrections population for felons has increased by 24% since 2011 due to the expansion of PRS.

Community Corrections Population 2008-2019



The average prison population has declined 11% from 39,954 in December 2011 to 35,397 in December 2019. This decline is partly attributable to the movement of misdemeanants from prisons to local jails under the Statewide Misdemeanant Confinement Program (SMCP). The prison population decreased 2% over the past year.

Prison Population Average 2008-2019



Note: Overall prison entries for CY 2019 are affected by the number of inmates in county jails waiting for transfer to the state prison system. On December 31, 2019, there were 957 inmates backlogged in county jails.

SOURCE: NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission, 2011-2020 Justice Reinvestment Act Implementation Evaluation Report Data

**NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission**  
PO Box 2448 | Raleigh, NC 27602  
(919) 890-1470

**The Honorable Charlie Brown, Chairman**  
**Michelle Hall, Executive Director**

For the NC Sentencing and Policy Advisory Commission's *Justice Reinvestment Act Implementation Evaluation Report 2020* and all other publications, see the Commission's website: [www.NCSPAC.org](http://www.NCSPAC.org).